

Volume of Prisms and Cylinders

Goal • Find volumes of prisms and cylinders.

Your Notes

VOCABULARY

Volume The volume of a solid is the number of cubic units contained in its interior.

POSTULATE 27: VOLUME OF A CUBE POSTULATE

The volume of a cube is the cube of the length of its side.



$$V = s^3$$

POSTULATE 28: VOLUME CONGRUENCE POSTULATE

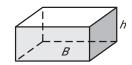
If two polyhedra are congruent, then they have the same volume.

POSTULATE 29: VOLUME ADDITION POSTULATE

The volume of a solid is the **sum** of the volumes of all its nonoverlapping parts.

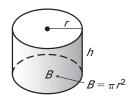
THEOREM 12.6: VOLUME OF A PRISM

The volume V of a prism is V = Bh, where B is the area of the base and *h* is the height.



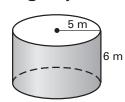
THEOREM 12.7: VOLUME OF A CYLINDER

The volume V of a cylinder is $V = Bh = \pi r^2 h$, where B is the area of a base, h is the height, and r is the radius of a base.

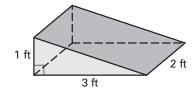


Find the volume of the solid.

a. Right triangular prism



b. Right cylinder



Solution

a. The area of the base is $\frac{1}{2}(\underline{1})(\underline{3}) = \frac{3}{2}$ ft² and h = 2 ft.

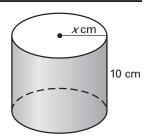
$$V = Bh = \frac{3}{2} \cdot \underline{2} = \underline{3} \text{ ft}^3$$

b. The area of the base is $\pi \cdot \underline{5}^2$, or $\underline{25} \pi m^2$. Use h = 6 to find the volume.

$$V = Bh = 25 \pi (6) = 150 \pi \approx 471.24 \text{ m}^3$$

Use volume of a right cylinder Example 2

The volume of the right cylinder shown is 1253 cubic centimeters. Find the value of x.



Solution

The area of the base is πx^2 square meters.

$$V=Bh$$
 Formula for volume of a cylinder $\frac{1253}{1253}=\pi x^2(\frac{10}{10})$ Substitute. Rewrite. $\frac{1253}{10\pi}=x^2$ Divide each side by $\frac{10}{\pi}\pi$.

$$10$$
 π
 39.88 $\approx x^2$ Simplify.

6.32
$$\approx x$$
 Find the positive square root.

The radius of the cylinder is about 6.32 centimeters.

Your Notes

THEOREM 12.8: CAVALIERI'S PRINCIPLE

If two solids have the same height and the same cross-sectional area at every level, then they have the same volume.

Example 3

Find the volume of an oblique cylinder

Find the volume of the oblique cylinder.

Cavalieri's Principle tells you that the volume formulas work for oblique prisms and cylinders.



Cavalieri's Principle allows you to use Theorem 12.7 to find the volume of the oblique cylinder.

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$
 Formula for volume of a cylinder $= \pi (\underline{5}^2)(\underline{8})$ Substitute.

$$= 200 \pi$$
 Simplify.

Use a calculator.

The volume of the oblique cylinder is about 628.32 in.³

Example 4

Find the volume of a composite solid

Find the volume of the solid.

Solution

The area of the base B can be found by subtracting the area of the small circle from the area of the large circle.



5 in.

8 in.

$$B =$$
Area of large circle $-$ Area of small circle

$$=\pi(3^2)-\pi(1^2)=8\pi\approx25.13$$
 mm²

Use the formula for volume of a cylinder.

$$V = Bh$$
 Formula for volume of a cylinder

$$= (25.13)(7)$$
 Substitute.

The volume of the solid is about 175.91 cubic millimeters.

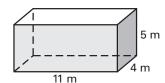
Your Notes

Checkpoint Complete the following exercises.

In Exercises 1 and 2, find the volume of the solid. Round your answer to two decimal places, if necessary.

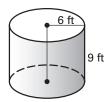
1. Right rectangular prism

220 m³



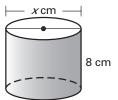
2. Right cylinder

1017.88 ft³



3. The volume of the right cylinder is 200 π cubic centimeters. Find the value of x.

10 cm



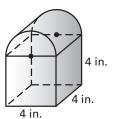
In Exercises 4 and 5, find the volume of the solid. Round your answer to two decimal places.

4. Oblique cylinder

⊢ 12 mm ⊣ 18 mm

1763.01 mm³

5. Composite solid



89.13 in.³

Homework