

LESSON  
11.3**Practice**  
For use with pages 737-743 $a:b$ 

$$a:b \xrightarrow{x^2} a^2:b^2$$

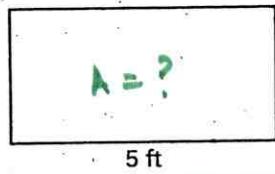
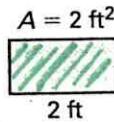
Complete the table of ratios for similar polygons.

Ratio of corresponding side lengths	Ratio of perimeters	Ratio of areas
1. 5:8	5:8	25:64
2. 4:7	4:7	16:49
3. 13:6	13:6	169:36
4. 66:18 = ? 11:3	11:3	121:9

Corresponding lengths in similar figures are given. Find the ratios (shaded to unshaded) of the perimeters and areas. Find the unknown area.

$$\frac{a^2}{b^2} = \frac{A(\text{shaded})}{A(\text{unshaded})}$$

5.



$$A = 12.5 \text{ ft}^2$$

Ratio Sides/Perim. Ratio Areas

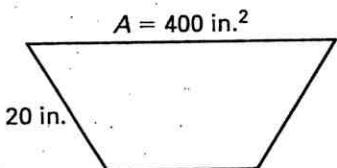
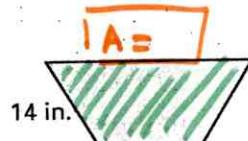
$$\frac{2}{5} \xrightarrow{x^2} \frac{4}{25}$$

Ratio Areas = Areas

$$\frac{4}{25} = \frac{2}{x}$$

$$4x = 50 \\ x = 12.5$$

6.



Ratio Sides Ratio Areas

$$\frac{14}{20} = \frac{7}{10} \xrightarrow{x^2} \frac{49}{100}$$

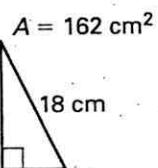
Ratio Areas = Areas

$$\frac{49}{100} = \frac{x}{400}$$

$$49x = 40000$$

$$A(\text{shaded}) = 196 \text{ in}^2$$

7.



$$\frac{22}{18} = \frac{11}{9} \xrightarrow{x^2} \frac{121}{81}$$

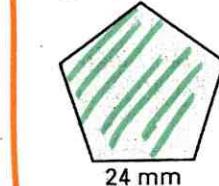
$$\frac{a^2}{b^2} = \frac{A(\text{shaded})}{A(\text{unshaded})}$$

$$\frac{121}{81} = \frac{x}{162}$$

$$81x = 121(162)$$

$$A(\text{shaded}) = 242 \text{ cm}^2$$

8.



$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{24}{9} = \frac{8}{3} \xrightarrow{x^2} \frac{a^2}{b^2} = \frac{64}{9}$$

$$\frac{a^2}{b^2} = \frac{A(\text{shaded})}{A(\text{unshaded})}$$

$$\frac{64}{9} = \frac{1024}{x}$$

$$A(\text{unshaded}) = 144 \text{ mm}^2$$

The ratio of the areas of two similar figures is given. Write the ratio of the lengths of corresponding sides.

$$\frac{a^2}{b^2} \xrightarrow{\sqrt{x}} \frac{a}{b}$$

9. Ratio of areas = 16:81

$$\frac{a^2}{b^2} \xrightarrow{\sqrt{x}} \frac{4}{9}$$

10. Ratio of areas = 25:196

$$\frac{a^2}{b^2} \xrightarrow{\sqrt{x}} \frac{5}{14}$$

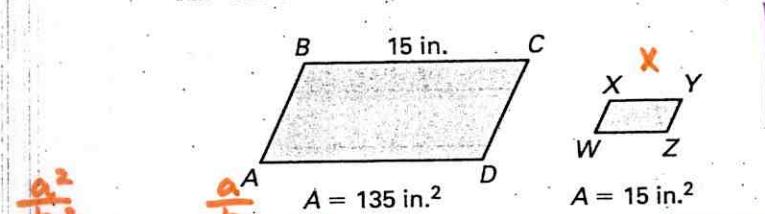
11. Ratio of areas = 144:49

$$\frac{a^2}{b^2} \xrightarrow{\sqrt{x}} \frac{a}{b}$$

LESSON  
11.3**Practice** *continued*  
For use with pages 737–743

Use the given area to find XY.

12.  $ABCD \sim WXYZ$

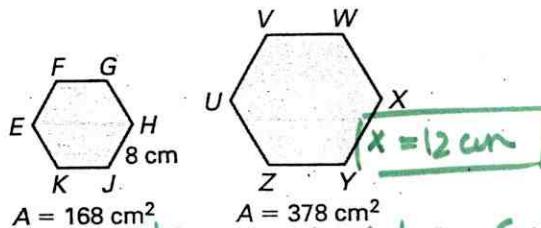
Ratio Areas  $\frac{a^2}{b^2}$  Ratio Sides  $\frac{a}{b}$ 

$$\frac{135}{15} = \frac{9}{1} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{X}}{1} = \frac{3}{1}$$

$$\text{Ratio sides} = \text{Sides} \quad \frac{3}{1} = \frac{15}{X}$$

$$\boxed{X=5}$$

13.  $EFGHJK \sim UVWXYZ$

Ratio Areas  $\frac{168}{378}$  Ratio Sides  $\frac{8}{X}$ 

$$\frac{168}{378} = \frac{4}{9} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{X}}{2} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{8}{X}$$

$$2X = 24 \\ \boxed{X=12}$$

14. Regular octagon
- $ABCDEFGH$
- has a side length of 10 millimeters and an area of 160 square millimeters. Regular octagon
- $JKLMNOPQ$
- has a perimeter of 200 millimeters. Find its area.

Given info

$$\begin{array}{|l|l|} \hline \text{Octagon A} & \text{Octagon J} \\ \hline s = 10 \text{ mm} & P = 200 \rightarrow s = \frac{200}{8} \\ \hline A = 160 \text{ mm}^2 & = 25 \text{ mm} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Ratio Sides  $\frac{10}{25} = \frac{2}{5}$  Ratio Areas  $\frac{4}{25}$ 

$$\frac{10}{25} = \frac{2}{5} \rightarrow \frac{x^2}{25} = \frac{4}{25}$$

Ratio Areas = Areas

$$\frac{4}{25} = \frac{160}{x}$$

$$4x = 4000 \\ \boxed{x = 1000 \text{ mm}^2}$$

15. Kites
- $RSTU$
- and
- $VWXY$
- are similar. The area of
- $RSTU$
- is 162 square feet. The diagonals of
- $VWXY$
- are 32 feet long and 18 feet long. Find the area of
- $VWXY$
- .

Then use the ratio of the areas to find the lengths of the diagonals of  $RSTU$ .

$$\begin{array}{|l|l|} \hline \text{Kite R} & \text{Kite V} \rightarrow A(\text{Kite V}) = \frac{d_1 \cdot d_2}{2} \\ \hline A = 162 \text{ ft}^2 & d_1 = 32 \text{ ft} \\ \hline & d_2 = 18 \text{ ft} \\ \hline & A = \frac{32(18)}{2} \\ \hline & \boxed{A = 288 \text{ ft}^2} \\ \hline & \boxed{A = 288 \text{ ft}^2} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Ratio Areas} \quad \text{Ratio Sides} \quad \text{Ratio Sides} = \text{Sides}/\text{Diagonals} \\ \frac{162}{288} = \frac{9}{16} \rightarrow \frac{3}{4} \quad \frac{R}{V} = \frac{3}{4} = \frac{d_1}{32} \quad \frac{3}{4} = \frac{d_2}{18} \\ \frac{162}{288} = \frac{9}{16} \rightarrow \frac{3}{4} \quad \frac{d_1}{24} = 1 \quad \frac{d_2}{13.5} = 1 \end{array}$$

- 16.
- $\triangle ABC$
- and
- $\triangle DEF$
- are similar. The height of
- $\triangle ABC$
- is 42 inches. The base of
- $\triangle DEF$
- is 7 inches and the area is 42 square inches. Find the ratio of the area of
- $\triangle ABC$
- to the area of
- $\triangle DEF$
- .

Given info

$$\begin{array}{|l|l|} \hline \triangle ABC & \triangle DEF \\ \hline h = 42 \text{ in} & b = 7 \text{ in} \\ \hline \boxed{A = 514.5 \text{ in}^2} & \boxed{A = 42 \text{ in}^2} \\ \hline \boxed{h = 12} & \boxed{h = 12} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Ratio Areas} = \frac{\Delta ABC}{\Delta DEF} \\ \frac{162}{288} = \frac{9}{16} \rightarrow \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{162}{288} = \frac{9}{16} \rightarrow \frac{3}{4} = \frac{A(\Delta ABC)}{42} \\ A(\Delta ABC) = 24.5(42) = 102.5 \text{ in}^2 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{514.5}{42} = \frac{49}{4}$$

17. Rectangles
- $ABCD$
- and
- $EFGH$
- are similar. The width of
- $ABCD$
- is 18 centimeters and the perimeter is 120 centimeters. The length of
- $EFGH$
- is 91 centimeters. Find the ratio of the side lengths of
- $ABCD$
- to the side lengths of
- $EFGH$
- .

Given info

$$\begin{array}{|l|l|} \hline \triangle ABC & \triangle DEF \\ \hline w = 18 \text{ cm} & l = 91 \text{ cm} \\ \hline P = 120 \text{ cm} & \\ \hline = 2w + 2(l+w) & \\ \hline \boxed{l = 42 \text{ cm}} & \end{array}$$

Ratio of sides

$$\frac{42}{91} = \frac{6}{13}$$